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COTTON GINS.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the Cotton Planters of Talladega, and the surrounding country, that they have recently purchased, in co-partnership with Mr. SAMUEL HUNTER, the Water Power and Mills, formerly owned by Mr. Bagley, twelve miles North East of Talladega, on Choccoloco creek, where they have Water Power equal to any in the south, on which they have erected a large and capacious Building, and procured all the machinery that can be profitably used in manufacturing Cotton Gins in the most complete and expeditious manner. They pledge themselves to use the best material that can be purchased, and warrant their work in every respect. We will keep Gins on hand at all times and fill orders promptly.

All repairing done in good style and at moderate prices. One of our Firm resides two miles North of Talladega, where he will attend on all public occasions to transact any business in their line. We solicit patronage. Address J. L. & W. C. ORR. Talladega, Ala. February 7th, 1854.

Partnership Notice.

JOHN H. CRAWFORD & JAMES G. DAILEY inform the public that they have formed a co-partnership in the CABBINET MAKING BUSINESS, and have employed several journeymen, and are now prepared to do all manner of work in their line, at the shortest notice and in the latest and most fashionable style.

Mr. Crawford returns thanks to his old friends and customers for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, and solicits a continuance of the same to the firm of CRAWFORD & DAILEY. April 4, 1854.—tf.

780 Acres of Land

FOR SALE, IN Choccoloco Valley, 10 miles South of Jacksonville, and 3 miles from White Plains, one of the best places in Benton County. 200 acres of Rich Bottom Land, good buildings of all descriptions, and the best orchard in the State, plenty of timber for all purposes, and the best water to be found anywhere, a great bargain will be given and liberal credit.

J. L. WRIGHT.

Morrisville Manufacturing Co. The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Benton and the surrounding counties, that they are now manufacturing

WAGGONS of all sizes, from two to six horse, with or without bodies, also BUGGIES of various patterns and newest and most fashionable styles, also ROCKAWAYS & ROCKAWAY BUGGIES, both square and fancy bodies, for one or two horses, all put up in fancy style, and of the best material, by experienced and faithful workmen, the most of which we warrant for twelve months.

All Carriage Repairing done in the neatest style and at short notice. Second-Hand Carriages and Buggies frequently on hand for sale at reduced prices. Old Carriages will be taken at their value, in payment for new work.

We are also manufacturing **THRASHING MACHINES**, both Spike & Windmill, with and without lining. Also grain FANS of the best quality in use; Gearing for Field and Gin houses; Bedsteads, Tables, Wardrobes, &c. any of which will be furnished on the most reasonable terms for cash or on time to punctual customers. Good wheat, corn, fodder, pork and bacon, will also be taken in payment for work, any of which we will be glad to furnish to our friends and customers. And we are fully satisfied that we can make it to their interest to purchase from us, for the following reasons:

1st. Because we work none but the very best materials, by the best workmen, which secure neat, substantial and durable work.

2nd. We are citizens of the country and expect to remain so, consequently are easier paid and can give more indulgence than northern men.

3rd. Because, should any of our work, by accident or mistake prove unsound, we are here to make it good.

4th. Because all the money paid to us is retained in the country, and paid out again to our own people, instead of being sent to the north to fatten already wealthy capitalists.

MORRIS, HICKS, & CO.

E. G. MORRIS, HIRSH HICKS, J. R. LORR, July 25, 1854.—1y.

TWO Rockaway-buggies, one Square Rockaway and a variety of Buggies now on hand, and for sale at low prices by MORRIS, HICKS & CO. Morrisville, Ala. Aug. 22, '54.

Whitley & Ellis, HAVE associated themselves in the Practice of the Law. Office Row, No. 5, Jacksonville, Alabama.

BENJ. A. BROOKS, Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. WILL attend promptly to all business confided to him in the court of Benton and the adjacent counties. Office, north-east corner of the Court House, Jacksonville, Ala. Dec. 13, 1853.—1y.

W. B. MARTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Law Notice. T. A. CANTREL & S. H. LIKENS, Attorneys at Law & Solicitors in Chancery. Office in Oxford, Ala.

James A. McCampbell, Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA. Office, east room over Hudson's Store. February, 25 1852.

HUGH MONTGOMERY, ATTORNEY AT LAW & SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. Having located in Oxford, Benton County, Ala. will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his management. May 3, 1853.—1y.

MORGAN, MARTIN & FORNEY PRACTICE in copartnership in the several Courts of Benton County. OFFICE AT JACKSONVILLE, ALA. WM. H. FORNEY resides at Jacksonville, and can be consulted at all times on the business of the firm.—He will also attend the Circuit Courts of DeKalb and of the Counties adjoining to Benton. March 14, 1854.—1y.

JOHN L. THOMASON, THOMAS HAYDEN, THOMASON & HAYDEN, Attorneys at Law, and Solicitors in Chancery, ASHVILLE, ALA.

WILL pay strict attention to all business entrusted to their care in the counties of Jefferson, Blount, Shelby, Mitchell, DeKalb, Cherokee, Benton and St. Clair, and in the Supreme Court of the State. Jan. 10, '54.

IRON WORKS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS will exchange Iron & Castings for good Merchantable Flour, delivered at their establishment, at Parkville, Benton county, Ala.

GOODE & MOORE. Americans, De Laines, Alpaca, &c. of the latest style for dresses. For sale by HUDSON & STOKES.

BONNETS. LATEST STYLE of white and colored Satin Bonnets. For sale by HUDSON & STOKES.

ELECTION NOTICE. THERE will be an election for Major of the 2nd Battalion of 72nd Regt. Ala. Mil. at the various precincts of said Battalion, on the 17th day of June next.

A. BROWN, Sheriff. May 30, 1854.

3000 POUNDS of Alabama Bacon for sale at Mount Polk—Low for Cash—by June 20. D. M. WALKER.

DIRECT IMPORTATION. Hyatt, McBurney & Co. Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, 37, HAYNE ST. CHARLESTON, S. C. August 15, 1854.

B. T. POPE, Attorney at Law, ASHVILLE, ALA.

NOTICE. The undersigned would inform his friends & the public generally, that he will be prepared to commence CARDING at his WOOL FACTORY, about the first of September next. All wool should be thoroughly freed from burrs, &c.

J. G. NISBET. AUG. 8, 1854.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to the subscribers are notified that they wish a settlement as speedily as possible, and without unnecessary costs.

HOKE & ABERNATHY. AUG. 8, 1854.

Sheriff Sale. By virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit Court of Benton County, and to me directed, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in the town of Jacksonville, on the first Monday in October next, the following described land, to-wit: The east half of the north west quarter of Section 9, Township 13, Range 10, levied on as the property of Wm L. Whitlock, to satisfy said fi. fa. and costs in favor of Sloan & Hawkins.

A. BROWN, Sheriff. By J. L. BROWN, D. S. Aug. 29, 1854.

Land for Sale. I offer for sale on accommodation terms my tract of Land, situated 11 miles north of Jacksonville, containing 160 acres, 80 creek bottom and 80 up land, about 41 acres cleared and in cultivation. There is good well-water on, and Olaty creek running through the place, with beautiful situations for building. The neighborhood is exceedingly healthy.

MADISON L. MONROE. August 22, 1854.

Large lot of good Pine lumber for building, (nearly all dry), on hand for sale by MORRIS, HICKS & CO. Morrisville, Aug. 23, 1854.

ROBERT H. WYNNE, TAILOR. Respectfully informs the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he has removed his shop to the east side of Main street, a few doors north of the Republican Printing Office. He deems it unnecessary at present to say more than that he is prepared to execute promptly all work in his line, in the most durable, neat and fashionable style. Thankful for past favors, he hopes to merit, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of his old friends and customers. Jacksonville, March 7, 1854.

BUILDING HARDWARE. AND—

TOOL STORE EXCLUSIVELY. THE LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN THE U. S. WM. M. MCCLURE & BRO., No. 287 Market St. above 7th, PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacturers' Depot for Locks of all kinds, Warranted quality; Pat. Silvered Glass Knobs, &c.; Premium Silvered Glass Knobs, over 100 Patterns; Silver Plated Hinges, &c., with the most complete assortment of the modern patterns in this line. Builders and dealers are invited to call and examine our stock.

Illustrated Catalogue, sent by Mail, if desired.

HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS.

At Factory Prices. Persons at a distance who wish to order Goods, and desire an estimate or particular description, they can write to McCURE & BROTHER, and all information as to Goods and Prices will be given by return of mail.

All orders put up under the immediate supervision of the firm. **CALL AND SEE US.** March 7, 1854.—6m.

GREAT BARGAINS.

12,000 Acres of Land lying in the counties of Benton and Cherokee. Tracts of all sizes and qualities to suit purchasers. Most of the Lands lie near the Alabama and Tennessee River Rail Road, south of Jacksonville, and a large quantity north of Jacksonville on the Jacksonville and Rome Rail Road; all of which lands can be purchased low for cash or on time to punctual men. **J. A. McCampbell & Co.** Feb. 28, 1854.—tf.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

HAVE you Rheumatic Pains and Stiffened Joints or Gouty limbs? Have you old sores which years of pain have made you sick of life and wish to die? Have you sore throat with swelling head and painful breath? Have you lumbago to torment all your daily walks, or Corns you think incurable? Use the **MUSTANG LINIMENT.** It acts like magic on them all, soothing their miseries, and making cripples all rejoice. It also cures your horse of lameness, galls or wounds, making the dumb beast to rejoice at sight of Mustang Liniment. For sale by HENDRICK & NISBET. April 18, 1854.

Turnley, Davis & Ramsey, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, and Solicitors in Chancery.

WILL attend promptly to all business committed to their charge in the counties of Benton, Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair, Talladega and Randolph.

ADDRESS M. J. TURNLEY, Jacksonville, Ala.; W. P. DAVIS, Jacksonville, Ala.; J. W. RAMSEY, Centre, Ala. April 11, 1854.—1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of Administration were granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of June, 1854, by the Probate Court of St. Clair county, Ala., upon the estate of Joseph Walker, late of said county, dec'd; all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within the time allowed by law, or they will be barred.

GREENVILLE JONES, Adm'r. July 25, 1854.

Land for Sale.

The undersigned now offers for sale his tract of land containing 205 acres, situated 8 miles north of Jacksonville, on the road to Lasley's Ferry; about 60 acres cleared in good state of cultivation, 40 of which is creek bottom. There is on the place a good dwelling house and necessary out-houses; a good apple and peach orchard, and it is watered by springs of good water as any in the county. The neighborhood is as healthy as any in this section of the State. Purchasers would do well to call and examine for themselves.

JAMES B. PLESCO. August 1, 1854.—3m.

Land for Sale.

I offer for sale on accommodation terms my tract of Land, situated 11 miles north of Jacksonville, containing 160 acres, 80 creek bottom and 80 up land, about 41 acres cleared and in cultivation. There is good well-water on, and Olaty creek running through the place, with beautiful situations for building. The neighborhood is exceedingly healthy.

MADISON L. MONROE. August 22, 1854.

Large lot of good Pine lumber for building, (nearly all dry), on hand for sale by MORRIS, HICKS & CO. Morrisville, Aug. 23, 1854.

PURE MEDICINES.

DRS. FRANCIS & CLARK. HAVE just received a large supply of pure and genuine Medicines purchased from one of the best Drug Houses in New York. They intend for the future to keep on hand and sell as cheap as the Merchants, or any one else, a full assortment of

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Aloes, Rhubarb, Colic, Opium, Quinine, Castor Oil, Sweet Oil, Epsom Salts, Calomel Magnesia, Senna Leaves, Tartar Emetic, Pow'd Ipecac, Sedlitz Powders, Soda Powders, Cloves, Ground Mustard, Blistering Ointment, Castile Soap, Gum Myrrh, Gum Camphor, Flower of Sulphur, Prepared Chalk, Sugar of Lead, Blue Mass, Dover's Powder, Sp't of Turpentine, Spirits of Nitre, Oil of Cloves, Refined Borax, Columbo, Gentian, Peruvian Barks, Ground Elm Bark, Ground Flax Seed, Strengthening Plaster, &c. &c.

Best Otard Brandy and Old Port Wine.

The following articles will be carefully prepared from the very best materials by themselves, viz: Laudanum, Syrup of Squills, Syrup of Ipecac, Syrup of Rhubarb, a variety of Veget- able Pills, Simple Cerate, Hive Syrup.

In addition to the above, they have a general assortment of Chemicals, Salts, Tinctures, Extracts, Roots, Leaves and Herbs. Grateful for the liberal patronage extended to them through several years, Drs. FRANCIS & CLARK still tender their services to the community in the practice of Medicine, Surgery, &c.

With the advantages of thorough professional education, a large and well selected Library, complete supply of Medicines, Instruments, Apparatus, &c., they flatter themselves they can satisfy all who may require their services. Jacksonville Ala. July 12, 1853.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

B. R. TURNER & BROTHER, ARE now prepared to execute work in their line in the neatest and most fashionable and durable manner, and upon terms which will make it to the interest of all who favor them with their patronage. They will receive in a short time from the north, a quantity of leather and other materials of superior quality; and they here pronounce all the statements false, which have been circulated, that they use only home made materials. Boots and Shoes of every quality from the finest to the most common will be made to suit customers. Their shop is no the east side of the public square, next door to the Brick tavern recently occupied by Mr. Weir. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves that what we say is true. Dec 6, 1853.

WASHINGTON HALL.

BEING situated almost equidistant from the Macon and Western, Eastern and Atlantic and Georgia Rail Road Depots, this House will be found both a convenient and comfortable abode for Travelers, while sojourning at this point. Meals will be served on the arrival of the several Passenger Trains, and every attention paid to the wants and comfort of visitors. **JAMES LOYD,** June 1, 1852.—1y. Proprietor.

LAND AND MILLS.

FOR SALE. I now offer for sale, on accommodation terms, my land, consisting of 320 acres, lying six miles west of Jacksonville, on the Green's Ferry road. The land is of good quality, one hundred acres cleared, improved, and well watered. There is on the tract a good Grist and Saw Mill, and an abundance of valuable timber quite convenient to the mill. Any person who may wish to obtain a bargain in a valuable place, would do well to call soon and examine for themselves. **D. TREADWELL.** April 11, 1854.—6m.

GRAND SALE.

THE subscribers are now receiving direct from manufacturers, both North and South, the largest and best assortment of Combs, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Razors, Scissors, Knives, Thimbles, &c.—Together with an elegant stock of

Suspenders, Purses, Beads, Wallets, Port-Monies, Gold and Silver Pens, Spectacles, &c. Also,

Looking Glasses and Mirrors, of every style and pattern, together with a full and cheap stock of

School and Miscellaneous BOOKS.

PAPER, INK, &c. Owing to the great scarcity of money in the country, the subscribers are determined to sell goods this season lower than any house in Charleston or Augusta.

Merchants from the country will please call and examine for themselves. **DUNHAM & BLEAKLEY.** AUGUSTA, (EO. April 11, '54.—1y.

MILLS.

I have purchased from Judge John H. Lumpkin, the Mills formerly owned by Crutcheff, which were fully repaired last year, and are in complete order now, to make fine flour. New wheel, bolting cloths, sive and smutter, with competent and accommodating millers. I am, also, responsible for any loss of grain at the mill, by carelessness or otherwise on the part of the miller. Cash paid for wheat at fair prices. **JAMES A. STEVENSON.** March 21, 1854.—tf.

Eye Sight Restored.

BY the use of "BALL'S EYE CURS," the sight may be preserved through life, or it may be restored after glasses have been worn many years. This wonderful effect is produced in a month or more, according to the age of the person, without pain by this Philosophically constructed Instrument, by which the cornea of the Eye is gradually raised to its original convexity, rendering the use of spectacles unnecessary. Sent free of postage by mail on the receipt of \$5 00. **S. SWAN,** Sole Agent for Ala. Montgomery, Jan. 24, 1854.—1y.

MARTIN W. WHEELER, Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.; WILL attend to all business confided to him in Benton, Cherokee, and the adjoining counties. April 4, 1854.

NOTICE.

Dr. D. A. Self, Resident Dentist. Tenders his services to the citizens of Benton and Talladega Counties and the public generally, as a practicing Dentist. Residence Eustabuga, Benton County, Ala. All females waited on at their residence on shortest notice. April 25 1854. tf.

F. A. Holman & Co., DIRECT IMPORTERS OF Crockery China & Glass ware. Will fill all bills at Charleston prices. April 11, 1854.

VALUABLE PLANTATION

For Sale. The subscriber, in consequence of long continued bad health, offers for sale his valuable farm, on Olaty creek, 9 miles north west of Jacksonville, on Adams Ferry road, consisting of 440 acres, 220 of which is fine creek bottom with 120 cleared, in all some 200 acres under high state of cultivation, with fine improvements Dwelling, Gin house, screw, out houses, &c. Some 240 acres fine timbered land, with a good mill seat half a mile from the dwelling a well of never failing water, and creek running through the place will also sell if desired 2000 bu. corn in the Fall, wheat, rye, oats, barley, &c. with fine stock of cattle, sheep, hogs, mules, oxen and wagon, with many articles of household furniture and farming utensils. Terms made accommodation. **J. C. BAIRD.** April 25, 1854.—tf.

NEW CABINET SHOP.

THE undersigned has opened a shop on the east side of the public square in Jacksonville, Ala. where he is prepared to have manufactured every description of

FURNITURE

usually in demand in this section. He will keep employed none but the best workmen, and warrant his work to be executed in the most neat substantial and fashionable manner and of the best materials. All kinds of Furniture will be kept constantly on hand for sale, and all work ordered, and every species of repairing executed on the shortest notice. New beginners in house-keeping, and all others needing indispensable article of furniture, are solicited to give him a call and treat themselves to a handsome outfit, which he assures them they can do at moderate prices. **JAMES F. STOKES,** Jacksonville, May 2nd 1854. tf.

JOHN H. WRIGHT,

Attorney at Law, and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, Jacksonville, Ala. WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, in this, and adjoining counties. March 7, 1854.—1y.

PIANO FORTES.

THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of their friends and the public, to their assortment of Rosewood and Mahogany PIANO FORTES, from the well known and justly celebrated Manufacturers of Bacon & Raven, A. H. Gale & Co., and Dubois & Seabury, New York, which are warranted in every respect to be at least fully equal to any instruments manufactured in this country or Europe.

The subscriber would also state that the instruments now on hand are of the latest patrons and fashions, and fresh from the manufacturers. For sale at very low prices for cash or city acceptance at **GEORGE A. OATES & CO'S.** Piano, Book and Music Depot, Broad St., Augusta, Georgia. April 11, '54.—1y.

GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY.

JACOB'S CORDIAL. FOR ALL BOWEL DISEASES.

CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA, &c.

ALSO, ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO MANY DISEASES OF FEMALES, ESPECIALLY PAINFUL MENSTRUATION.

The Virtues of Jacob's Cordial are too well known to require Enumeration. It cures the worst cases of Diarrhoea, Cholera, Dysentery, &c. It cures the worst forms of Dysentery, &c. It cures California or Mexican Diarrhoea, &c. It cures the severest Colic, &c. It cures Cholera Morbus, &c. It cures Cholera Infantum, &c.

A few short Extracts from Letters, Testimonials, &c. "I have used Jacob's Cordial in my family, and have found it a most efficient, and in my opinion, a valuable remedy." **Hon. HIRSH WARRNER,** Judge of Supreme Court, Ga.

"It gives me pleasure in being able to recommend Jacob's Cordial—my own personal experience, and the experience of my neighbors and friends around me, is a sufficient guarantee to me to believe it to be all that it purports to be, viz. a sovereign remedy." **Wm. H. UNDERWOOD,** Formerly Judge of Superior Court, Chicksaw Circuit, Ga.

"I take great pleasure in recommending this invaluable medicine to all afflicted with these diseases, for which I believe it to be a sovereign remedy—decidedly superior to any other ever tried by me." **A. A. Gaudin,** Deputy G. M. of the Grand Lodge of Georgia.

"I have used 'Jacob's Cordial' in my family, and with all I hear about it as a remedy, these words have led me to believe that it stands at the head of every preparation of the kind, and I would recommend its use in the disease for which it is compounded." **Miles G. Dobbin,** Cashier of the Bank of the State of Georgia, Griffin, Ga.

"If there is any credibility in human testimony, Jacob's Cordial must stand pre-eminent above all other preparations for the cure of Bowel Diseases. From the mass of testimony in its favor, coming from all quarters, it must be very far in advance, as a curative agent, of most if not all other 'patent' preparations." **A. Fleming,** Cashier of Marine and Fire Insurance Bank, Griffin, Ga.

"This efficient remedy is traveling into celebrity as fast as Bismarck is pushed his column into Russia, and gaining commendation wherever tried." **Georgia 'Jeffersonian,'** May 19th, 1854. For sale by HENDRICK & NISBET, and by the principal Merchants and Druggists in the State.

WM. V. BLISS & CO., Proprietors, Savannah, Ga.

For Sale by J. B. Hays & Co. White Plains, Ga. and Gamble's, Boling Spring; Williams & Smart, R. D. Dixon, Alexander, A. W. Kirby, J. F. Dailey, J. P. Plaines, Deas & Edwards, Ashville, Ga. C. Denham, Greensport, Wm. Thaxton, Mount Nino, C. J. Pearson, Springfield, D. C. Butt, Centre; W. E. Key & Co. Gadsden; J. S. Camp & Co. Turkey Town; James Montgomery, Spring Garden; Lacey & Harris, Cedar Bluff; Porter & Bates, Gainesville; J. R. and J. H. Lebanon; J. S. and S. J. Barard, Van Buren; Brown and Phillips, Raleighville. GENERAL DEPOTS—Haviland, Harrell & Risley, N. Y., J. Wright & Co. N. Orleans.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

HAVILAND, HARRAL & RISLEY, NO. 80 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

HAVILAND, HARRAL & CO., NO. 25 HAYNE STREET, CHARLESTON, S. C.

HAVILAND, HARRAL & RISLEY, W. STEVENSON, R. L. HARRAL, W. K. KITCHEN.

HAVILAND, RISLEY & CO., NO. 274 BROAD STREET, AUGUSTA, GA.

HAVILAND, HARRAL & RISLEY, WM. K. KITCHEN, T. W. CHICHESTER. April 11, '54.—1y.

HUDSON & STOKES.

are just receiving a fresh supply of desirable

"UNION" GOODS.

Consisting of a fine Stock of Dry Goods (Hardware, Crockeryware, Boots, shoes, Hats and Bonnets, Iron mills Carriage Trimmings and Groceries, all of which will be sold low. **June 19, 1854.**

J. M. NEWBY, & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN Ready-Made CLOTHING Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c. Under the UNITED STATES HOTEL, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

J. M. N. & Co., are receiving their Fall and Winter STOCK OF CLOTHING. Gentlemen can find at this establishment every article necessary for their wardrobe. Having paid strict attention to the purchase and manufacture of their goods, they can offer them at the LOWEST PRICES.

Also, on hand, a very large lot of fine Cotton and Linen Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Shirt Collars, Stocks, necker and Silk Under Shirts and Drawers, &c.


With their weekly receipt of all the new styles of Goods, from New York, they can offer their customers advantages they have not heretofore enjoyed.—Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine. April 11, 1854.—1y.

BACON

FOR SALE. Apply at the Tin Shop to June 27 '54. **JOEL H. FARMER.**

Augusta French Burr Mill stone Manufactory.

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THE REPUBLICAN.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1894.

This paper is published, and may be seen free of charge, at HOLLOWAY'S FILL AND ORNAMENT ESTABLISHMENT, 244, STRAND LONDON, where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this Periodical.

The Yellow Fever is still on the increase in Savannah and Charleston, notwithstanding the diminished number of inhabitants left in those cities.

A verbal report, reached here a day or two since that the yellow fever had broken out with great violence in Augusta, but we suppose this report was exaggerated. The Constitutionalists of the 16th inst. mentions the panic into which the city was thrown the day before, in consequence of the report that, from two to eight, cases of yellow fever had originated in Augusta.

The Mayor promptly called the Board of Health together, when upon investigation, two cases were reported, one contracted in Charleston, and the other in Savannah; on the next day three others were reported. This looks very much like the beginning of yellow fever visitation—almost identical with the first cases reported in Charleston this season; in fact it would seem almost preposterous to hope that Augusta would or could escape the pestilence while it is raging both at Charleston and Savannah; but we may hope that as its visit is so late in the season, it will be of short duration.

Dr. Nott, of Mobile, we believe predicted last year, that the yellow fever would prevail but slightly if at all this season in Mobile and New Orleans, but that it would visit with its usual violence the Atlantic cities as far Philadelphia. His prediction has already been in part fulfilled; but as it has not yet reached Philadelphia, perhaps it travels somewhat slower than his calculation.

RELIEF FOR SAVANNAH.—There has been about \$3,000 forwarded from New York city for the relief of the sufferers by yellow fever at Savannah, and arrangements are in progress looking to still larger results. Philadelphia has also remitted \$3,600, and the collecting committee is still at work.

FIRE IN MOBILE.—There have been two destructive fires recently in Mobile, supposed to be the work of incendiaries. Forty houses were destroyed by one of the fires and near \$200,000 worth of property.

We find the following painful announcement of the death of the Rev. E. R. WARE, recently Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in this place, in the Monteville Herald of the 22nd inst.

Died, at his residence in this place, on the 16th instant, Rev. EDWARD ROWLAND WARE, in the 27th year of his age.

The deceased was born in Columbia county Ga., but removed to this state in early life, and was educated at the University of Ala. where he finished his collegiate course with distinguished credit. He then entered the Theological Seminary at Columbia, S. C., where he completed the usual course of study in that institution, in 1849, and was admitted to the ministry in the Presbyterian Church the same year.

How sad and painful the thought that one who promised a life of so much usefulness should be cut down in the beginning of his career. He has been, during the present year, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at this place, and enjoyed, to the fullest extent, the confidence and respect of all who knew him. He bore his last illness (Typhoid Fever) several weeks with Christian resignation; and he died, as he had lived, in the full hope of immortal happiness beyond the grave.

The deceased has left a devoted wife and infant daughter. Besides many relatives and friends, to mourn his untimely death.

Grammar Class.

Rev. Dr. FOSTER, Prof. Morris's associate is now in town, making up a grammar class, and that our readers may know what others think of the new system, we copy the following article:

THE NEW SYSTEM OF GRAMMAR.—Mr. I. J. Morris, the author of the new system of Grammar, has been engaged for some weeks in the instruction of a numerous class at this place. We had the pleasure one evening last week of attending the examination of his pupils, and can bear cheerful testimony to the success which has crowned his labors. Some of the youngest pupils appeared to have attained a proficiency in Grammar, which considering the brief period embraced in the course of instruction, was extraordinary. Although our acquaintance with Mr. Morris's system has been but slight, we are satisfied that it is in many respects greatly superior to those heretofore pursued. The nomenclature and classification of the parts of speech, the moods, tenses and genders are more just, reasonable and philosophical, than those of the old grammarians. It has evidently been the aim of the author to make his system as simple and comprehensive as possible, preserving and adopting the better portions of the works of his predecessors, and rejecting only what was manifestly unreasonable. His exposition of the absurdities of the

prevailing systems of grammar, is forceful and convincing, and it is difficult to hear it and resist the conviction, that they contain many radical errors.

Spirit of the South.

MR. GRANT.—Please insert, the enclosed piece headed, "Good Citizen Rum-sellers," clipped from the "So Organ," in your paper. And may God grant that those whom the cap may fit, be greatly instructed and edified thereby.

A member of the "Know-Nothing" Society.

GOOD CITIZEN RUMSELLERS.

The liquor traffic, in any and every shape, is fraught only with evil; there is not the first redeeming trait about the accursed business. And by what show of reason it can be made to appear that he is a good citizen who selects a business from which no good results can flow, and which is confessed to be full of innumerable evils, prejudicial to every department of life, is something above and beyond the pale of our philosophy.

We hear all around us much sympathy expressed for Rum-sellers; we hear men lauding them for their exemplary deportment, and many presses, in the land, eulogizing them as paragons of excellence, "princes" of the rum traffic; but no sympathy, no feeling, no soul for the thousands of victims who are weltering in their wretchedness and blood.

It makes the blood boil in our veins when we behold the agony, the desolation, the blighting, blistering march of the rum fiend through our land, and hear men and public journalists commending him to the patronage of the old and young, extolling him in choice phrases as he steals the heart of humanity. The man who loves his race, can not think of the rum-seller and his ungodly work without being moved to indignation. He cannot speak of him without calling up those scenes of blood which thrill the soul with horror. He cannot hear of him only that with fresh supplies he pushes ahead in the perpetration of foul deeds that defy all competition. He cannot look upon him without beholding a matchless murderer, before whom plumed warriors and trained ranks fall utterly discomfited and slain.

What noble deeds has he done, that he should be looked upon as a "good citizen"? What galaxy of virtues cluster and adorn his brow, that he should be so jealously guarded by the law of the land, and eulogized by the press? Tell us, verum and brandy sympathizers, with what crime is he not justly chargeable, that he should not be branded with the name of "murderer"? Oh! yes—we are often told that he is a "splendid fellow—generous and accommodating."—Well, he should be, for have not the people treated him with a wonderful spirit of generosity? He this day occupies the position of a privileged pet, carefully shielded by the law of the land, and, in too many instances, puffed by a reckless press.

Yes, he should be generous for the murders, of which he is guilty had been committed in any other way than by a tolerated poison, sanctioned by the legislation of the land, an outraged and justly mad and people would have avenged the whole tribe, and, with hempen halber, have put an end to the existence of the race.

No; it is lawful for "good citizen" rum-sellers to build up their fortunes on the skulls and tombs of murdered innocence.—Southern (N. O.) Organ.

From the Columbus Times.

CROPS IN TENNESSEE—MULES, HORSES, & NEGROES—HEALTH.

MONTVALE SPRINGS, Sept. 9th. Messrs Editors:—Presuming that many of your readers are interested in the markets of the grain growing, hog, horse, and mule producing State of Tennessee, I venture to drop you a line on the subject. The drought has been very general and has embraced the whole State, with slight exceptions. The corn crop is consequently, decidedly short; the wheat crop only middling; Irish potato crop sorry; the only crop that is good, is the cotton. Young stock that farmers are anxious to sell, but find no buyers. Mules and horses fit for harness are nevertheless high and are in very little demand. In many parts of the country, corn is so scarce that farmers will not have enough to fatten their mules and horses, and have enough to fatten their hogs, in consequence of which more mules and horses will be driven South this season than last, and it is the general opinion that they are bound to go down in price. I am so settled in this opinion that I have not yet bought a single hoof. Singular, as it may seem, negroes are higher in the grain growing than in the cotton producing States; indeed traders are engaged in buying negroes in the cotton States and selling them for a considerable profit in the grain States.

It is, therefore, more than probable that the negro trade will be checked for a while in the more Southern States. And this check will have a very material effect upon the mule trade. For every two negroes carried South from the more Northern slave holding States, there is a demand for one mule or horse. You, therefore, see plainly that if the negro trade is checked, that there will be a much less demand for mules at the South, and as the farmers here are forced to sell their surplus stock on account of the scarcity of corn, I apprehend that stock can be bought at the South by the middle of January cheaper by retail than they are now sold at wholesale in either Kentucky, Tennessee or Ohio.

There has been much sickness in the rich valleys of Kentucky and Tennessee this summer. The prevailing diseases are cholera and flux. The larger portion of the inhabitants of Madisonville and Knoxville, Tenn., have fled to the mountains to escape the destroyer. Montvale is remarkably healthy. Large numbers of visitors come here sick and are restored directly. The water is a specific for such as are affected with dysentery.

Very Respectfully,
Tours, &c.,
M. A. BROWN.

From the Baltimore Patriot, Sept. 13.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP EUROPA.

HALIFAX, Sept. 12.—The steamship Niagara arrived here at 11 o'clock to night, bringing dates from Liverpool to the 2d inst.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.—Lloyd's has authentic news that Marshal St. Armand will leave Constantinople on the 3d to take charge of the expedition to Crimea, which by that time would have reached its destination.

VIENNA, Friday.—Yesterday Prince Gortschakoff made a confidential communication to Count Buol, and requested similar explanations; also notified him that he had communications to make to the Emperor in person.

BELOUT, Friday.—Russia will not accept the Austrian invitation to commence negotiations upon the basis stipulated by the Western Powers.

POLITICAL NEWS.—The general political advice by this arrival, being only three days later than those by the St. Louis, are very meagre and unimportant.

Affairs in the East seem to have made no special change. The war continues in about the same attitude. No movement towards peace, and no further fighting of moment.

It is now fully understood that Russia positively refuses the invitation of Austria to negotiate for peace, on the basis of the Western Powers. The Czar says he will fight it out before budging one inch from his previous determination.

That he is in no particular hurry about meeting the enemy. He is willing that they should have time.

Several ships whose destination was not known, had sailed from Yarna on the 24th and 25th ult.

An army of Turks was marching towards Gluzes.

The Russian forces were to be at Jassey on the 3rd of September to make it their head quarters.

The Overland force still hold Galatz.

Austria and Prussia still stands in the same position towards the allied powers and Russia.

France and England were tranquil. Spain continues much agitated and the government unsettled.

FROM THE BALTIC.—France and England have decided to dismantle and abandon Bomarsund.

It is said they offered it and the Aland Islands to Sweden, on condition of her declaring against Russia, but Sweden refuses to accept.

On the 26th, Napier and Marshal D'Hilliers proceeded to Hango, in sight of the Russians, who blew up their fortifications, and then returned to Alo, where 15,000 men are in garrison.

A small engagement, without loss of life, occurred at Abo on the 18th, between 13 Russian gunboats and some steamers in the Baltic.

The cholera continues at Yarna. Stormy weather prevailed in the Black Sea.

Private despatches from Yarna to the 24th ult., state that five ships with troops sailed on the previous day, and six on that day, the destination of which was unknown.

The opinion gained currency that the destination of the expedition would be Anapa, and that the fleet would winter there.

Marshal St. Armand will hold a general military council at Yarna, to inquire whether the army is fit for service during the present sickness on the Danube.

The Turks continue to occupy Bucharest, and are strengthening all the strategic positions and are re-fortifying Grenova.

Portions of the Turkish forces are moving upon Galatzes Abnal.

The Russians on September 3rd would be at Jassey, their head quarters. The overland force still holds Galatz for hospitalities and magazines.

SPAIN.—Queen Christina's property has been all confiscated, and she has been expelled from the country.

The Market.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 6.—Cotton there is a strengthening tone in the market, and middling and lower qualities have advanced 1-8d; better qualities remain unchanged.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ST. LOUIS.

Four Days Later from Europe.

By the United States Mail Steamship Saint Louis, Captain Eldridge, we have dates from Southampton and London to the 30th ult. Havre and Paris to the 29th.

From the Baltic there is little news except the despatches of Sir Charles Napier, with the numerous reports of his subordinate officers giving the details of the taking of Bomarsund.

Five hundred shops and private houses had been destroyed by the fire at Yarna; on the 10th.

The fire broke out in several places at the same time. Several of the Greek incendiaries have already been shot.

The Valdimir had her captain killed, as well as 16 men, in the recent brush off Sebastopol. The vessel is English built and fitted, and is probably the best vessel in the Orient and Pills for nine weeks.

She is stated to have called at Odessa about the 24th ult. Cruisers were despatched to intercept her on her return. She carries eight guns, and possesses engines of 400 horse power.

The expedition to the Crimea was appointed to sail on the 26th August, although some reports stated the 30th. It was composed of 70,000 men, of whom 20,000 were Turks. The cholera was rather less violent. The damage done by the fire at Yarna was estimated at half a million sterling, and the allied troops were put to great straits by the destruction of a part of their commissariat.

On the 22d, Omar Pacha, with 25,000 men and 30 guns, entered Bucharest. His reception was enthusiastic.

The cholera was raging with terrible violence at Bomarsund amongst the French troops.

The French Ambassador had offered the King of Sweden 14,000,000 francs for the first month, and 7,000,000 for each succeeding month, as a subsidy for his actually joining the Western Powers.

The British Envoy had several interviews with the King of the subject.

A large portion of the French fleet had left Bomarsund to make a descent on the coast west of Helsingfors. A part of the fleet consisting of the heavy ships, had sailed in that direction. In the Swedish Diet, a House of Feasants proposed a petition to the King, to take measures, to prevent the Aland Islands from returning to Russian dominion.

The German papers announce the approaching conclusion of a treaty offensive and defensive with Austria and the Western Powers.

The preliminaries were said to be settled. There was also a question of an additional article to the Austrian Prussian convention of April, which would perhaps place Russia on a better footing with England, France and Austria.

The Hannibal, Royal William and three other ships of war, all laden with Russian prisoners, passed through the Great Belt, on their way to England on the 24th ultimo.

There is no improvement in Spanish affairs. A Royal decree has been published suppressing the juntas of safety and armament formed in the Provinces. The governor had obtained a loan of sixty-five millions of reals, secured on the revenue of Cuba.

The Turkish account of the battle of Kars have been received, its result was indecisive. The loss on both sides was 5000 men. Hassan Pacha was killed, and Mustapha Pacha wounded in the action. Three Russian Generals were disabled.

General Intelligence.

A singular and fatal occurrence took place in the town of Hamburg, Erie County, a few days since.

An Irishman was engaged in digging a well, and after getting down to the depth of some eighteen or twenty feet, found signs of water very perceptible.

At last he struck his pick through a thin layer of slate, when, all at once, and with a noise like thunder, sufficient loud to be heard all over the neighborhood, a stream of mingled gas and water burst through the orifice, instantly killing the unfortunate man, and filling the well to the depth of ten or twelve feet with water. Gas still escapes profusely, and the water is in constant and violent motion, resembling a large cauldron of boiling fluid.

RAPID GROWTH OF BROOKLYN.

There is no city in the United States which has outstripped the city of Brooklyn, New York, in rapid and substantial growth.

Thirty years ago it was but a small village, and now it has one hundred and twenty thousand inhabitants, and its public buildings and private edifices are of a costly and splendid description.

On the first of next January, under a law of New York and a new charter, the adjoining towns of Williamsburg and Bushwick will be added to Brooklyn, increasing its population to nearly two hundred thousand souls.

Brooklyn, lying just across the River from New York, has generally been considered a suburb of that mammoth city, but, by her efforts for direct foreign trade, she now seems disposed to set up for herself. She has a water-front of eighty miles, with substantial wharves and capacious warehouses; the Atlantic dock, which is said to be deep and large enough to contain a thousand ships, and a depth of water such that the ships can go to and from the wharves without waiting for the tides.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, certain Remedies for Bad Legs, Sores and Ulcers.—Harry Reid, of Brooklyn, N. Y., suffered for nearly eight years with a very bad leg. It was covered with sores of a most malignant character, and terribly swollen. He had consulted a number of medical men who were unable to cure him. He was at last cured by the use of Holloway's Ointment and Pills for nine weeks.

Remarkable Events of the Week.

One of the most remarkable events of the week was the arrival of the steamship Niagara at Halifax, Sept. 12.

The house of Henry Rogers, located upon a slight eminence, entirely free from trees and shrubbery, was struck by lightning and almost totally destroyed, without the slightest injury to the inmates. As near as we could judge, the lightning entered the roof near the centre, and tore the roof from each side about one-third part of the whole surface. The house was one story, and directly beneath this place was a bed on which were sleeping three children. "Some" were they to the roof that the post of the bedstead came within a foot of the ground, and the children were thrown to the ground, not seriously hurt.

The children passed to the east part of the house, tearing off the entire roof, and throwing fragments over forty-eight yards into the neighboring field; it then entered a bedroom, split the head and foot boards from a bedstead occupied by two young men, shattered the posts, tearing the paper from the walls, thence passing into another room, taking from under a feather bed, on which was lying Mr. Rogers and wife, a straw bed, and scattering the straw in every direction. Every pane of glass in the house was broken, and some of the fragments thrown thirty-six feet in a southerly direction. The lightning then separated, taking a southerly and northerly course, throwing a priry upon a stone wall, passing through a barn, in which were animals and a quantity of hay, thence along the road, splitting from a rock upon a stone wall a piece weighing twenty pounds, throwing it some ten feet into the road, and passing into the earth.

Mrs. Rogers was the only person awake. She heard the report, which she says was bewildering and incomprehensible.

The lightning must have passed within a few inches of the head of the young men, as the head and foot boards, which were shattered, could not have been more than that distance from their heads.

Everything in the house was in the most singular confusion. Articles, were passed from one room to another, cards from a rack were found behind a mirror which hung opposite, a piece of meat which hung in the cellar way was found on the second floor, and a pouch of powder was found perfect in the road. The stove was shattered and broken, crockery were driven in all directions, fragments of furniture pierced the partitions, and everything mysterious in its disposition. The clock was stopped at three minutes to eleven, the pendulum was displaced and has not been found. Had a keg of powder exploded in the cellar it would not have made a more perfect wreck. But yet, strange as it was, not one of the seven inmates were injured. A scientific friend, whom we induced to visit the spot with us, explains upon us to present it as one of the most remarkable illustrations of the protection afforded by a feather bed from the effects of lightning, as it is his opinion that this alone saved them from instant death.

Boston Traveller August, 9.

An affecting scene took place at Windsor. When the 46th regiment was about departing from the town for service in the East, a little motherless child was observed clinging to the legs of its father, who was a private in the regiment. The poor man refused to drive it away when ordered, and, by "one gentle touch of nature," succeeded in exciting the sympathy of Lieut. Hutton, who put the child in the hands of the authorities, induced his mother to adopt it.

MORMON BANDIT.—It appears that a very large and daring band of thieves are perpetrating systematic outrages in southern Illinois, breaking into houses, and taking provisions, money, and various other articles. On Sunday night they broke into the house of Mr. Emery, at Hainesville, carrying off money &c. In their hasty flight they left a letter, purporting to be from one of the gang to his wife, in which the success and adventures of the company are communicated. It states that their rendezvous is 80 miles from Chicago, and 30 from Voree. From the fact that Voree is the name of an old Mormon settlement, near Burlington, Wisconsin, abandoned some years ago for Beaver Island, it is conjectured that the gang is composed of Mormons from that island, who are thus collecting a store of provisions, &c., which are probably brought to some lake port and shipped.

Wagoner Advocate.

THE RECENT THEORY.—The nation of this theory by England seems to have much satisfaction at the North. The New York Journal of Commerce says: "It is a noble advance in the direction of freedom and against restriction." To a large extent, it breaks down custom-house barriers, and so far as the principal branches of traffic are concerned, it annexes the British Provinces to the United States and the United States to the British Provinces. It does the same with respect to the fisheries, which have long been a fruitful source of mutual alienation and misunderstanding, and under other circumstances might long since have led to the most deplorable collisions. It opens the St. Lawrence to our commerce, and Lake Michigan to British commerce, on equal terms with the Great Lakes. This treaty will do much to bind the two nations together, and prevent war, and any other device which could be named.

The Copper and Equizer also reported that the United States had agreed to the treaty, and that the British had agreed to the treaty, and that the treaty had been signed by both governments.

The treaty was signed by both governments, and it is expected that it will be ratified by both governments.

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Canadian Legislation.

Canadian Legislation.—The waters have been thrown open, and the armed ships which have been withdrawn from service. The treaty could not have commenced its career of usefulness under more favorable auspices than such a manifestation of confidence and good will afford.

Later from California.

The steamship Star of the West arrived at New York from San Francisco at half past ten o'clock. On Friday morning bringing advice from San Francisco for August 16th, being two weeks later from all parts of California.

She brought 400 passengers and over \$1,000,000 in gold and silver, besides considerable in the hands of passengers.

An arrival at San Francisco of the English Clipper, North America from China, it was reported, the Canton had surrendered to the British, and the British had taken the city.

The San Francisco papers report an almost incredible number of suicides, murders, robberies, &c. Among the recent murders is an American named Reed.

The town of Redwell has been entirely destroyed by fire. Loss heavy.

A band of robbers, a portion of the notorious Joaquin's followers, have gone to Marysville for the purpose of marauding, robbing, and perpetrating other outrages.

Large sault mines have been discovered in Los Angeles county. The surveying party, under Lieut. Beckworth, was to leave San Francisco on the 16th ult. for Washington. The report of the party, regarding the central route, is highly favorable.

The Pacific Rail Road portion of the Democracy were endeavoring to effect a union.

Mining operations were highly prosperous. Great discoveries of gold were reported to have been made at Santa Barbara.

The names of McDougall and Latham had been placed in nomination for Congress by the Big River wing of the Democracy, but were withdrawn.

Late advices from Oregon represent that Southern emigrant trains were in danger from Indians, who threatened their lives.

The Hon. John Davis had resigned the Governorship of Oregon, and left for the Atlantic States.

Advices have been received from the Sandwich Island of later dates. Eight war vessels from England and France had arrived at Honolulu. Their object unknown.

A large meeting was held to consider the subject of steam communication with Honolulu and San Francisco.

Miss Catherine Hayes gave a concert at Honolulu, and left for Australia.

Several British vessels of war were at San Juan at last accounts. There is no further general news of moment.

Among the passengers of the Star of the West, is Governor Davis, of Oregon, who resigned the Governorship in consequence of sickness in his family. Also, Lieut. Beckworth, of the surveying party.

There was a current rumor that the annexation of the Sandwich Islands to the United States had been finally agreed upon, and that a consent for the cession of the sovereignty of the Island to the United States had been sent to Washington.

FISHING AT CORPUS CHRISTI.—A correspondent of the Spirit of the Times, shows that Texas fishing throws such sport in the North as together in the shade. The following extract describes the success of a morning's sport in the "Laguna Madre," near Corpus.

"As the fish were caught, they were strung on a strong cord, and placed in deep water to be kept alive. We soon found that we had got into a camp meeting of red fish, frequently a half dozen fellows were coming in at once, and the fine fishing kept five men busy, stringing and removing the fish long before the sun had reached the meridian, our party clean buckered out, used up, and gave the lines into the hands of our servants. After a slight lunch, we repaired with our pile on board, and carefully stowed them in the hold on a clean tarpaulin, we kept them fresh until we returned before sunset the same day. On counting the spoils, we tallied one hundred and eighty red fish, averaging over twenty pounds apiece, of which over fifty weighed forty pounds each. In all, nearly two tons of red fish, caught by the hand alone, by five persons fishing three hours. At no time were there more than five, and a part of the time only three, were busy with the lines. This may seem a pretty tall fish story, but it is a matter of fact, and the fish can be seen with you. You should have seen the sight, when the fish were being taken, when they were covering a place of twelve feet by five, two or three deep. It looked like a new square yard of grass, and was as fresh as a summer show.

From San Georgian 10th inst.

The Great Storm.

The hurricane has ceased its ravages and the waters have subsided. In the multiplicity of duties devolving upon me, we find it impracticable to make up a detailed statement of the destruction that meets the eye on every hand, in passing through our city so far as we are able to learn no lives have been lost, though many persons were brought into imminent peril. Our fears for the shipping and for the safety of human life along the coast, are increased rather than allayed. Hutchison's Island is again above water, and to our surprise we see cattle grazing there

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